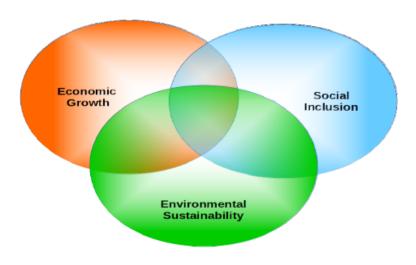
## SDGs, ICT and Social Innovation

## Connecting the DOTs

The three pillars of sustainable development 1. Economic growth 2. Social inclusion and
Environmental sustainability.





- 2. The UN Sustainable Development Goals
  - Universal, unlike the MDGs
  - o 17 goals
  - 169 targets
  - o 232 indicators
  - Innovation part of Goal 9 alongside infrastructure and industrialization
  - Target 9.c calls for universal and affordable access to the Internet, especially in least developed countries



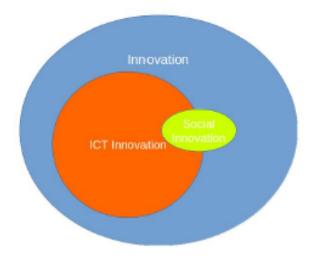






- ICTs in general and the Internet in particular as enablers for development, not goals themselves. Relevance of the digital divide.
- Social innovation has been around since the mid 19th century. Big comeback started in the 2000s.
- 5. ICTs and social innovation

## ICT Social innovation



Social inclusion linked to stakeholder participation in decision-making processes that will impact their own lives

## Participation in Decision-Making



- 7. Social innovation to promote social inclusion, not just economic growth.
- Social innovation to foster participation, stakeholders as part of design and prototyping, also involved in implementation and impact assessment.
- SDGs need both ICT and social innovation in order to be achieved, particularly in low income and least developed countries. Social innovation and new technologies: Machine learning and blockchains.
- 10. Social innovation is not a panacea. Development policies, institutional and human capacities and a human development approach are also key ingredients. A sustainable development ecosystem provides fertile ground to social innovation.